that during the month or august there was re-ceived for rent of city property \$76,216 71 ived for rent of city property \$76,216 71, high amount was transferred to the Sinking Fund; \$1,408 73 was received as interest or deposits during the same time. The total unt of bills paid by the Board was \$35,410 95, and the pay rolls and salaries for the month footed \$27,911 56, which left 9251,379 67 in the treasury. Superintendent Westervelt was authorized to build a new pier, costing \$6,500, at the foot of East Fifteenth street. Pier 57 was granted to the use of the United States Engineers' Bureau.

THE BIENVILLE DISASTER-AN INVESTIGA-TION .- To ascertain the facts in relation to the burning of the steamer Bienville the government has ordered an investigation, which will begin this morning at the office of the Steamboat Inspection, No. 23 Pine street. Mr. Joseph Mershon, Inspector of Hulls at Phila-delphia, and John K. Mathews, of this city, Inspector of Boilers, are named to conduct it. In a recent editorial the HERALD noticed the fact that similar investigations, as a general rule, are simply whitewashing operations. How does the composition of this commission illustrate that assertion! Mr. Mathews inspected and passed the Bienville a short time ore she sailed on her fatal voyage. He was also the inspector who passed the Westfield a few weeks before her terrible explosion last year. While we distinctly disclaim any imputation upon this inspector, there is an obvious impropriety in his passing judicially upon his own executive action in certifying the Bienville, when it is distinctly asserted that the failure to extinguish the fire in her hold occurred because the donkey-pumping engine proved worthless. What the public want in the Bienville case is a thorough exposure of the causes of her destruction, which shall fix the blame on the guilty. A coat of whitewash will not be accepted. All who know anything tending to elucidate the matter should appear at 23 Pine street and testify.

THE CONGRESS OF OLD CATHOLICS has convened in session at Cologne. The attendance of delegates is quite numerous, and the opening proceedings, which were witnessed and assisted by dignitaries of the Protestant Churches of gland and the United States, were of a very animated character. The most important consequences may result to the civilizations of the world from this congregation of the modern Council of Cologne.

#### PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

Blue General W. S. Harney Is in St. Louis. General Burnside is at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. Secretary Robeson is still at the Fifth Avenue

Elizabeth has been paying attentions to General Grant and nobody is jealous. General John S. Preston, of South Carolina, is in quarters at the New York Hotel.

Superintendent Merrill, of the Vermont Central. has tendered his resignation. Governor E. M. McCook, of Colorado, is again in

the city, at the Gilsey House. Ex-Governor W. B. Lawrence, of Rhode Island, has arrived at the Brevoort House. Senator Penton yesterday came to the city. He

is staying at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. H. W. Halliwell, Secretary of the Philadelphia

United States Senator P. W. Hitchcock of Ne-braska, has arrived at the St. Nicholas Hotel. "Utilizing the female sex" is now the way of putting the matter of women's rights out West. Daniel N. Haskell, of the Boston Transcript, is in town; so is E. C. Hancock, of the New Orleans

It is reported that Robert Bonner will retire from the active management of the Ledger in the

Spring.
Secretary Delano left Washington yesterday morning for Ohio, to take part in the pending po-

litical campaign in that State. Captain William L. Wiley was recently thrown from a wagon on the Grand Boulevard, and nar-

rowly escaped serious injury. minion of Canada, will sail from Quebec for Eng-

land to-day. The journey is being taken for the Ex-Postmaster E. J. Cleveland, of Hartford, Conn., has just returned from Europe, and there is

a general scramble among the political managers to secure his services in the pending campaign Assistant Secretary Cowen, of the Interior De-

partment, was yesterday called from Washington to Beliatr, Ohio, by a telegram announcing that his child was dying. Mr. George Wostenholm, of Sheffield. England, is

at the Clarendon Hotel. This gentleman is the head of the well known English firm of cutlery Nathaniel Niles, ex-Speaker of the New Jersey

House of Representatives, has been sued by the Railroad Company for an article he contributed to the Nation. Damages laid at the modest figure of \$5,000,000. Probably the Company Joseph Jefferson, or, rather, Rip Van Winkle, as ictor's kersonality seems to have become d into the character of the drama, yesterday arrived at the Hoffman House from his country which Mr. Jefferson suffered for some time has been overcome and his sight is now as good as it ever was. That he may not strain his repaired vision, Mr. Jefferson

decided not to reappear on the stage during this season. Of course theatre-goers will regret this, unless they remember that it is better they should be temporarily deprived of the plea-sure given by Mr. Jefferson's acting, than enjoy it for a short period and possibly never after. THE YAOHT RACE FOR THE CHALLENGE CUP.

A despatch received in this city from Bay Shore, nounces that the yacht Rambler passe Fire Island, going west, at ten o'clock yesterday morning, two miles ahead of the Madeleine.

# A SWINDLER BAFFLED.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 20, 1872. Yesterday morning a man giving the name of Wade presented at the banking house of Season-Netter & Co. what purported to introduction from the cashier German American Bank of New York, and a certificate of deposit from the same bank of \$10,000, which he requested cashed. The members of the firm hesitated, and made inquiry. Mr. Wade in the meantime left. A sele-gram from New York pronounced the letter a for-gery, and stated that the certificate had been raised from \$100. Wade has disappeared.

#### THE LABOR REFORM UNION.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Sept. 20, 1872. The resolutions purporting to have been passed by the Labor Reform Union, No. 10, compilmenting Governor Geary and condemning the Lumbermens Exchange, of this city, were not passed by that Union. The names signed to them as president and secretary are not the names of its omeers, and no meeting of the Union has been held.

SUPREME COURT, GENERAL TERM, CALENDAR. ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 20, 1872.

tember 23:-Nos. 1.10, 145, 147, 148, 149, 150, 158, 71, 167, 170, 9, 47, 103, 105.

COMMISSION OF APPEALS.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 20, 1872.
The following is the Commission of Appeals day calendar for September 21: -Nos. 431, 432%, 433%, 436, 435, 435 441, 442, 444, 445, 447, 448, 67%, 418

# LIVINGSTONE.

A Letter from the Great Explorer to an American.

The Herald's Service Done Right Nobly.

The Slave Traders Destroy His Letters to the Coast.

Tribute to the American Geographical Society.

AMONG THE PHILISTINES.

"Strong, Well and Completely Equipped, Thanks to the Americans."

The subjoined letter, with an enclosure from Dr. David Livingstone to W. F. Stearns, Esq., dated Unyanyembe, March 13, 1872, was among the number brought to the coast by Mr. Stanley, the HERALD correspondent. The package was forwarded, as directed, to Bombay, to the firm of Stearns, Hobart & Co., in which Mr. Stearns was a partner at the date of Dr. Livingstone's departure for the coast of Africa in 1866. Mr. Stearns, who is an American, and son of President Stearns, of Amherst College, is now engaged in business here, hence the letter and enclosure had to be redirected to this city, where they

ARRIVED YESTERDAY FROM BOMBAY.

The enclosure referred to in the letter is dated November, 1870, from Manyema, Central Africa. In it a special and friendly reference is made by Dr. Livingstone to the American Geographical Society, with a request that Mr. Stearns would communicate such

EXTRACTS TO THAT SCIENTIFIC BODY as he saw fit. Mr. Stearns therefore withholds the enclosure from publication in order that he may first carry out the great traveller's commission to the American Society. Dr. Livingstone has been

FOR MANY YEARS A CORRESPONDING MEMBER of the American Geographical Society. He was about to be made an honorary member of the body six years ago; but, owing to the doubts of his being alive, this has not been carried into effect. The society at their earliest meeting now propose to carry this project out, owing to the knowledge of the Doctor's safety, as brought by the HERALD expedition. Judge Daly stated to a HEBALD reporter yesterday that it was the intention of the

GIVE A RECEPTION TO MR. STANLEY on his arrival in this country. They admired the generosity which conceived the expedition and the courage and devotion which carried it out. It was, he said, something for all Americans to be proud of.

# DR. LIVINGSTONE'S LETTER TO MR. STEARNS

UNYANYEMBE, i. e., SIXTY DAYS SMART MARCHING FROM THE EAST COAST, AFRICA, March 13, 1872.

I have written to you before, but my letters were destroyed, because I have been considered a spy on the slave traders. The enclosure was penned long ago, among the cannibals, when I had no paper. I gave you an idea of matters then, but my own knowledge has been increasing, and perhaps the enclosed statements do not tally exactly with what I have to say now, and much of which will be published in my despatches. I have to thank you very heartily for all your kindness to me in Bombay and afterwards. . . .

A TRIBUTE TO THE HEBALD.

This goes to the coast by Henry M. Stanley, travelling correspondent of the New YORK HERALD, sent by James Gordon Bennett, Jr., to aid your servant, and he has done it right nobly.

HOW HE WAS BOBBED.

Our Consul believed the Banians, who are the chief slave traders, by means of Arab agents, when they said they would forward supplies of goods and men to me. They sent slaves instead of men, and all the efforts of slaves and masters were faithfully directed to securing my failure. I was plundered shamelessly and forced back about five hundred miles from discovering the fifth great lake below the sources. But Mr. Stanley has supplied every want, and I now only need to rediscover the ancient fountains of Herodotus and retire.

# MONETARY MATTERS.

The Agra and Masterman's bank broke. The receipt for £1,000 is in Mr. T-'s strong box, and he can draw out the deposit. All scientific expeditions are universally exempted from loss, even in time of war. Please tell them that I cannot enter into any creditor's arrangement; they must return the whole deposit and interest according to the rules agreed upon by all civilized people, and I hope they will act in accordance with what is manifestly right.

HOW ONE LETTER REACHED THE COAST. The buffaloes were killed for me; but the driver hid a letter on his person, knowing that on its production his wages depended. This was the only one of forty sent. The Governor here, who is merely a low Banian trade agent, called by simple people the Great Sheikh Syde ben

Salem, destroyed them and others to prevent evidence of plundering my goods going to the

READY! THANES TO THE AMERICANS.

I have been among the Philistines, my dear fellow, but am now strong and well, and, thanks to the Americans, completely equipped for my concluding trip. . . . And believe me, ever truly yours,

DAVID LIVINGSTONE

. This bank resumed payment immediately afterwards, and no loss could, therefore, have resulted to the explorer

#### WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20, 1872. The San Juan Boundary.

There is much anxiety in official circles to hear the result of the San Jaun arbitration by the Emperor of Germany. The case was closed last April, and in the case and counter-case of both govern-ments the fullest evidence was furnished for the information of the arbitrator. The question was not ion, and the article of the treaty providing for its final settlement vests the decision in Emperor William, from which there can be no appeal. It was expected that the decision would be announced simultaneously with that of the Geneva arbitration; but the premature publication of the amount gave the English press an opportunity for expressing He opinion on the results. This, it is understood in omatic quarters, has been wholly unfavorable for the announcement of the Emperor's decision, if

The opinion of the Attorney General, who drew up the case, is that the arbitrator has wisely de erred announcing his opinion until the excitement in England, consequent upon the result at Geneva, has subsided. Article 42 of the treaty nerely requests the Emperor to give his award i writing as early as convenient after the whole case on each side has been laid before him. Of his convenience he is his own judge. An unfavorable award, however, would not surprise him. The Statistical Congress at St. Peters-

burg.
Information has been received here from St. Petersburg indicating that the members of International Statistical Congress were treated by the Russian government and the municipality of est consideration. Free transportation by rail was furnished them from the frontier to St. Petersburg, where the delegates were met by the government officials on their arrival and directed to the hotels at which accommodations had been provided for them at the public expense. The former building of the Ministry of the Interior, handsomely fitted up for the occasion, was placed at the disposal of this Congress for the meetings of several sections. Postal and telegraphic facilities and all the leading newspapers of Europe were provided in the building. Carriages for the use of the delegates were placed at their several hotels and every convenience which care and fore thought could suggest was abundantly provided. There appears to be a general desire among the European members of the Congress to hold the next session, two years hence, in the United States.

Europe.
The agents of the White Star, Inman and Bremen steamship lines, all competing for carrying the Saturday's mall from New York to Europe, to-day presented their arguments to the Postmaster General, and he promised to make the award to-mor row. The Inman line has been carrying the mail since October 1, 1870, accepting the contract for

Competition for the Saturday Mail to

At the hearing to-day Postmaster General Crosswell decided that the mail should be left at Queenstown, which ruled the Bremen line out. The next question was as to the relative speed of the vessels of the other lines. It was conceded that the White Star line had by far the swiftest vessels, and to that company it is understood the contract will be

All three offer to carry the mails on the existing terms-namely, for the sea postage of two cents per letter, which amounts to about seventy-five usand dollars per annum Lieutenant Wheeler's Survey Progress

ing.
Advices from Lieutenant Wheeler's surveying party, dated the 13th inst, and received at the Wat Department to-day, make no mention of trouble with the Indians. The expedition is progressing

smoothly and successfully.

A Marine Stabbed. A marine named Kernan was found about twelve been stabbed in the right breast by some party unknown. He was taken to the police station, where

survical aid was rendered. He has remained in Payment of Interest Coupons The Treasury Department gives notice that all interest coupons due November 1, 1872, will be paid on resentation at the proper offices on and after Sat urday, the 21st inst., upon a rebate of interest at

the rate of six per cent per annum in gold. Mutilated Currency. The following is an extract from a letter written by General Spinner to-day on the subject of the edemption of mutilated currency, under the act o June 8, 1872, with the instructions of the Post Office

Department:—

It is the duty of every postmaster to register in the manner prescribed by law, but without payment of any registration fee, all letters containing fractional or other currency of the United States delivered to him for mailing to the Treasurer of the United States for redemption. Postmasters and others may forward defaced and mutilated currency to this office for redemption, and receive returns either in new currency or drafts on New York, Boston, Philadelphia or New Orleans, without risk or expense, and with no loss of time beyond that required to convey and count their remittances.

No More Investigation. It is understood that there will be no more inestigations until after the election.

The United States Steamship Hartford The Navy Department to-day ordered the officers to the Hartford at New York to report on the 1st of October. She is assigned to the Asiatic squadron as the flagship of Rear-Admiral Jenkins.

> CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS. Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 20, 1872. The Eighth Congressional District Republican Convention unanimously nominated J. M. S. Wil-liams, of Cambridge, for Congress, and A. C. May-hew, of Milford, Presidential Elector. Governor Cladin was President of the Convention.

Missourt. Sr. Louis, Sept. 20, 1872.

The democrats of the Eleventh district have nominated John B. Clark, Jr., for Congress. St. JOSEPH, Sept. 20, 1872. The democrats and liberal republicans of this

District to-day nominated Judge Bennett Pike for Congress in place of General Craig, who recently declined the nomination. REORGANIZATION OF THE NATIONAL DE-

A New Constitution and By-Laws to Be

Prepared.
The National Democracy General Committee held meeting last evening at headquarters, No. 39 Union square, and it was proposed to reorganize basis of one delegate from each election district instead of three. A committee of seven on credentials was then appointed. On motion of Mr. district instead of three. A committee of seven on credentials was then appointed. On motion of Mr. B. Wood a committee was appointed to draft a constitution and by-laws for the new General Committee. Speeches then followed by Mr. J. Ligerson, attacking Tammany's democracy and doctrines, stating that Apollo Hall would counteract Tammany's errors. He was followed by Mr. B. Wood, and the resulted for a nure democratic association, and stating that a pono has wond countered that many's errors. He was followed by Mr. B. Wood, who pleaded for a pure democratic association, and praised Senator O'Brien for leaving Tammany. The meeting then adjourned after the transaction of some routine business.

THE STRAIGHT-OUTS IN MISSOURI

A Straight-Out Democratic State Convention for the nomination of an electoral ticket and the appointment of a State Central Committee has been called to meet at Jefferson City October 4

### SPAIN.

Plan of Campaign Against the Cuban Revolution.

Cabinet Consideration of the Project-Who Aid the Islanders !- Carlism Again and Curious News for a Christian Pontiff-Army Reorganisation.

TELEGRAMS TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

MADRID, Sept. 20, 1872. Captain General Ceballos has forwarded to the Department of War a pian for the campaign against the Cuban insurgents. The pian meets with the approval of Sefior Cordoba, who has submitted it to

THE "MEN IN THE GAP" IN THE INSURGENT ANTILLES. It is officially announced that the number of in surgents in arms against the government in Cuba is 4,500, a great majority of whom are Mexicans, ans and Americans. The carrying int effect of the reforms promised on that island will be prevented as long as the motto of the Cubans is ARMY BEORGANIZATION WITHOUT THE CONSCRIP

TION.
A sharp debate occurred in the Cortes yesterday between Señor Zorilla, Minister of State, and Señor Ulica, which resulted in the declaration by Señor Zorilla that he would "abolish the system of military conscription in Spain and introduce in the Cortes a bill for the reorganization of the army."

Carlist News for a Peaceful Pontiff. PARIS, Sept. 20, 1872. A letter purporting to have been written by Don Carlos to the Pope is circulating in Paris. It promises the speedy renewal of the Carlist in-surrection in Spain with ample means.

#### FRANCE.

Cabinet Council and Ministerial Measures for the Maintenance of Order.

M. About's Case Coming to a Crisis-Charges of the Prussians Against the French Prisoner-Captive Advice to Thiers-Flow of Bullion to the Bank

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD

PARIS. Sept. 20, 1872. The Council of Ministers held a protracted meet ing to-day for the purpose of considering measures to secure public tranquillity on the 22d of Septem ber, the anniversary of the establishment of the First Republic.

M. Thiers presided over the Council. M. ABOUT'S ABREST AND DIPLOMATIC DIFFICULTY

Diplomatic notes have been exchanged between France and Germany concerning the arrest of Edmond About. The charge on which the French author is to be

tried by court martial consists of two counts. One accuses him of publishing hostile articles in German territory in October, 1871, and the other with circulating the same in the province of Lorraine. Alfred Mayer, a barrister of Strasbourg, will de-

fend the prisoner before the Court. THE CAPTIVE'S APPEAL TO THE CHIEF OF STATE. M. About sends word from his prison to President Thiers entreating him to be calm and take no step in his case which would imperil France.

PLOW OF BULLION TO THE BANK. 100,000 francs during the past week.

AMERICAN CITIZEN PREPARATION FOR A PETE. American citizens resident in Paris are preparing to give a grand banquet to the representatives o the United States in the Geneva Board of Arbitra-

# GERMANY.

Imperialist Opinion on the Rights of Private Property at Sea During War-The Old Catholics' Congress-Protestant Sympathy with the New Council of Cologne.

TELECRAMS TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

BERLIN, Sept. 20, 1872. During the recent meeting of the Emperors here the subject of the inviolability of private property at sea in time of war was considered by Prince Gort chahoff, Count Andrassy and Prince Bismarck.

It was regarded as a good omen for the fina establishment of this principle that the governments of the United States, Austria, Germany, Russia, Italy and Holland were united in its support.

The Old Catholies' Congress with Protestantism in Communion. LONDON, Sept. 20, 1872. The Bishops of Lincoln, Ely and Westminster, of

the Church of England, and the Episcopal Bishop of Maryland, United States, were present at the opening of the Old Catholic Congress at Cologne. Among the speakers was Dr. Rohr, of New The Congress convened in session in Cologne yesterday.

Much enthusiasm was manifested by the dele gates, who number 300.

# ENGLAND.

Decline in the Price of Coal-Another Celebrity for America.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

LONDON, Sept. 20, 1872. An immediate decline in the price of coal from the present high figure is confidently expected both

The mine owners of Newcastle to-day, in reply to the demands of a deputation from the Miners Association, refused an advance of fifteen per cent in wages, on the ground that the price of coal has already fallen, and a further considerable decline is MRS. SCOTT-SIDDONS FOR AMERICA

Mrs. Scott-Siddons is a passenger on the steamhip City of Brussels, which sailed yesterday from Liverpool for New York.

Discovery of Silver Mines-Trouble with the Indians.

SALT LAKE CITY, Sept. 20, 1872. The attention of the mining public is occupied with the bighly important discovery of silver twenty-five miles north of Tecoma, on the Central twenty-five miles north of Tecoma, on the Central Pacific Railroad. Free milling ore is said to be in mexhaustible quantities, assaying from ninety-four to three thousand ounces of sliver per ton. The ledges of the district are well defined. There is a great rush of people to the new district.

The remainder of the troops sent against the Indians south returned last night. The Mormon people predict further trouble, and charge the responsibility on the people not protecting themselves successfully to the proclamation of the former federal officials forbidding the assembling of the Mormon militia except by order of the government.

ARKANSAS

Peace in Pope County-The Registration LITTLE ROCK, Sept. 20, 1872.

Nothing new from Pope county. The militis is still camped near Russellville, but everything is

The Governor, in a letter published this morning in the Gazette, in reply to one addressed by Colone it. C. Newton, a Greeley and Brown elector, promises that there shall be a fair registration of voters, and has issued orders that in all cases of doubt in the registration the doubt shall be decided in favor

# THE VERMONT CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Trouble in the Corporation-A Prospect of Bankruptey.

Boston, Sept. 20, 1872. Trouble exists in the corporation controlling the Vermont Central railroad. It has always been supposed that that great organization, controlling nearly every rall in the Green Mountain State, with outiets to Long Island Sound and Lake Champlain, could never fail. Everybody among outsiders presumed with some show of reason that the traffic of such a thoroughfare would not only prove remunerative the case will be a pit of information to many of this class. The statement is made that the road lost, last year, on the Ogdensburg line \$175,000, and on the Rutland line \$360,000; while the earnings of its own main line (184 miles) are not sufficient to guaranteed stock. It is reported that its balance neet is behind nearly two millions of dollars, which is represented by a floating debt, and that it is is represented by a floating debt, and that it is proposed to meet this by a further issue of mortagage bonds to that amount. Such are said to be facts in the case as presented before a protracted meeting of the officers of the company, which commenced some ten days ago in this city. The causes of this state of affairs have never been made public, although grave charges of mismanagement have been made against sundry persons in high position among those who control the road. Among other assertions, it is said that the road has been run principally for private benefit, and not for the public good, and that a favored few have acquired wealth while the stockholders have grown poor. Several leases of connecting roads, which were supposed to have been made by the officers for the benefit of the company, are now stated to have been made personal for the benefit of the officers alone, one of them, that of the New London Northern Railroad, having been made out in the name of three individuals. The Suilivan Railroad is also said to have been acquired by a personal lease, and there are rumors of other transactions of a similar nature. Without vouching for the truth of these statements, it is, nevertheless, a fact that they are freely circulated about the street. Another assertion—and a serious one, fit be true—is that the National Despatch Company, which should have yielded a revenue to the road, was and is really a burden by existing contract. This company, by the way, was established to supply a great want. The Western railroads have always been in sufficiently supplied with cars for freight, and, consequently, if a londed car was run through from an Eastern road the Western people were apt to seize and retain it in their possession for an indefinite period. Consequently men were kept in constant employ, travelling through the Western States to proposed to meet this by a further issue of mortwant. The western parroads have aways been insufficiently supplied with cars for freight, and, consequently, if a loaded car was run through from an
Eastern road the Western people were apt to seize
and retain it in their possession for an indefinite
period. Consequently men were kept in constant
employ, travelling through the Western States to
find and return cars belonging to their respective
roads at the East. Hence the establishment of independent freight companies, who make contracts
with existing railroads something like this: The
freight company agrees to establish agencies in all
prominent cities, collect freight and ship it in cars
built at their own expense, through to whatever
destination it may have, allowing the railroad company to collect and receive all the money received
for conveyance; the railroad company in return pays
the freight company a specified sum for each mile
run by each car over their road. In this way the
railroad is relieved of the bother of running
their local freight cars over the tracks of other
roads, and the operation is generally a profitable
one all round. It is, however, said not to have
proved such in this case. The National Despatch
Company is said to be controlled by the officers of
the Vermont Contral Railroad, who composed,
therefore, both the party of the first and the party
of the second part in making the contract. The
specified rate to be paid by the railway people to
the freight company has averaged about one and
one-half cents per mile, but in this instance the
officers of the Vermout Central Railroad voted
themselves two and one-half cents per mile, one
car ter mile more than would have been demanded by resent pay mile, but in this instance the
officers of the Vermout Central Railroad voted
themselves two and one-half cents per mile, one
car ter mile more than would have been demanded by resent per mile, one is freight one
on its freight or not so long as they were protected
with their two and one-half (since reduced to two)
cents per mile. Hence th

# THE MARIO-PATTI CONCERTS.

The third concert of the Mario-Patti season wa attended last night by a large and brilliant audience. There is no falling off in the enthusiasm of the public for the brilliant bouquet of artists whom Mr. Strakosch has brought together. While it is true that every one recognizes the ravages that time has committed on the powers of Mario, the only feeling manifested is one of regret. The audience good-naturedly insist on a response to their encore, as if it were a tribute which the public owe to the memory of great talents. It is certainly the highest proof of the immense popularity that Mario enjoyed in his beaux jours that it has survived the generation that accorded it. Mario sang in the duet "Mira la bianca luna," with Miss Cary. Of course there was a suggestive difference between the fresh, pure notes of the young lady and the worn voice of the tenor, but the skill he displayed in the use of his voice was almost as great an artistic triumaph, in its way, as the more striking ones he won in the golden past. The concert opened with the overture from "Maritana," given by the orchestra with creditable ensemble, M. Sauret followed with a violin solo, selecting spohr's eighth concerto, and in the second part a "Fantaisie sur des airs Russes," by Wieniowski. His execution was brillen were the the mylle merked, their appreciations. M. Sauret followed with a violin solo, selecting Spohr's elighta concerto, and in the second part a "Fantaisic sur des airs Russes," by Wienlowski. His execution was briliant, and the public marked their appreciation by insisting on an encore. In response he played the quartet from "Lucia." Carlotta Patti sang in the first part the scene and aria, "Ah Florsé lui," from "Traviata," and displayed that wonderful power of vocalization that makes her the queen of the concert hall. The andience became enthusiastic, and recalled the charming songstress three times, but as she was suffering from headache she was unable to comply with the demand, as her powers were quite exhausted. Later on, however, she railled and sang with great brilliancy a ballad. "Non Credormi," written expressly with a view to display the pyrotechnic qualities of her voice. In answer to a recall, she sang "fhe Laughing Song," by Auber, with considerable archness. Miss Carreño, whose beauty won the hearts of the audlence on her first appearance before she had played a note, seems to grow in public favor. Her execution is remarkably brilliant, and there is a combined firmness and delicacy in her touch as she sweeps over the keys that is full of charm. At moments her playing is impassioned as the warm Southern temperament is roused by some particularly fine passage; in the legato passages the lady gives evidence of thorough training and obedience to the requirement of the author. She played a "Rondo Capriccioso" in the first part, and in the second a "Caprice Polonaise Revue A Prague" of her own composition, and in answer to encores the "Chanson sans Paroles" and the "Bannaier." her own composition, and in answer to encou "Chanson sans Paroles" and the "Bananies the "Chanson sans Parotes" and the "Bananier."
The concert was brought to a close by the tric from
"Don Giovanni," "Protegga il Giusto Ciclo," in
which Mademoiselles Patti and Cary sang with
Mario. The last concert before the departure of
the company for Boston will be given on Tuesday

#### A YOUTHFUL MONSTER. Boston, Mass., Sept. 20, 1872.

Jesse Pomerov, fourteen years old, residing with his mother in South Boston, is under arrest for decoving boys of five to ten years to out-of-the-way places, stripping them naked, gagging and tying them up, beating and otherwise maltreating them. In many cases he cut small holes under his victims' eyes, disfiguring them for life, and inflicting on others painful cuts and stabs on various parts of the body. He confessed the crimes, and was sentenced to the Reform School at Westbort during is minority.

# THE NATIONAL GAME.

The New York Mutuals Beaten by the Boston Red Stockings. BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 20, 1872.

The Mutual Base Ball Club, of New York, and th Red Stockings, of Boston, played a match game in South Weymouth this afternoon, for the champion-ship and a purse of \$300, which was won by the Bos-tons by 11 to 4. The event was in connection with an agricultural fair, and the purse was offered by the Agricultural Society.

#### LOSS OF A SCHOONER PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 20, 1872.

A small box was picked up near Simonton's Cove, Cape Elizabeth, yesterday, purporting to be written by the cook of the schooner Majestic, of Bangor, signed by Frederick Wyman, and directed to Captain Wyman, Hesboro, stating that the schooner coal-laden, had sunk; that all were swept overboard but himself, and that he was safe

#### THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, Sept. 21—1 A. M.

For the New England and Middle States, clear weather, except for the Lower Lake region, and rising temperature, with westerly and Southwest-erly winds over the former and southerly and southeasterly winds over the latter. For the South Atlantic and Gulf States easterly to southerly winds and generally clear weather. From Tennesse to Lake Erie and Michigan, southerly and southeast erly winds, increasing cloudiness and probably threatening weather. Southerly gales are probable for Lake Michigan able for Lake Michigan to-night, shift-ing to southwesterly during Saturday; brisk southerly winds for Lakes Erie and Huron during the day and Lake Ontario for to-night; for the northwest northerly to westerly winds and clearing weather.

Cautionary signals continue at Milwankee Chi-

The Weather in This City Yesterday. The following record will show the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours in comparison with the corresponding day of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's Pharmacy, Herald Building:—

1871. 1872.

#### THE WEEKLY HERALD.

The Cheapest and Best Newspaper in the Country.

The WEEKLY HERALD of the present week, now ready, contains an interesting story, entitled "Mademoiselle Viviane; or, The Story of a French Marriage," together with the very latest News by telegraph Yom All Parts of the World up to the hour of publication; The Verdict of the Court of Arbitration at Geneva on the Alabama Claims; Continuation of the Correspondence of Dr. Living-stone Received at the British Foreign Office; Letting in Light on the Mountain Meadows Massacre: A Terrible Encounter Between Physicians in Arkansas; Negro Riot in Pittsburg; A Sad Case of Suicide; Killing for Slander; Proceedings at the Annual Meeting of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of the United States at Baltimore; Heavy Failures in Baltimore; A Graphic Account of the Grand Greeley Ratification in this City; The Great Republican Muddle in South Carolina; The Weekly Weather Chronicle. It also contains the latest News by telegraph from Washington; Political, Religious, Literary and Sporting Intelligence; Amusements; Obituary Notices; Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day; Our Agricultural Budget; Reviews of the Cattle, Horse and Dry Goods Markets; Financial and Commercial Intelligence, and accounts of all the impor-tant and interesting events of the week. TERMS:—Single subscription, \$2: Three copies, \$5: Five copies, \$5: Ten copies, \$15; Single copies, five-cents each. A limited number of advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY HERALD.

SHAUGHNESSY.—On Friday, September 20, MARGA: RET SHAUGHNESSY, wife of Thomas Shaughnessy, No. 41 Elm street.

41 Elm street.
The Telatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residece, on Sunday, September 22, at half-past one o'clock P. M.

For other Deaths see Ninth Page.

Mosquito Bites .- Burnett's Kalliston A .- For a Stylish and Elegant Hat Go freet to the manufacturer, ESPENSCHEID, US Nassau

A.—Warnock & Co.'s

SEVEN DOLLAR HAT,
the result of well applied skill,
experience
and refind taste,
with economy the counterpart of our Pearl Cass Summer Hat. New styles of Felt Hats, at moderate prices.

A.—Herring's Patent
CHAMPION SAFES,
251 and 252 Broadway, corner of Murray street. A.—Herald Branch Office, Brooklyn, Corner of Fulton avenue and Boerum street. Open from S.A. M. to 8 P. M.

At Corona Park.—A Fine Opportunity is offered to invest savings, and also to own a home, by paying \$90 monthly. The projector of the Park is paying all the sidewalks and grading the streets; around the park will be a fence, with gates of entrance. Upon each lot will be planted an evergreen and in front a fine shade tree, making between 709 and 800 trees in the park; a splemild depot in the centre of the property and fine school house. Corona has over 1,000 inhabitants, and stores, factories, post office and 42 trains daily. Mext year it will have 120 trains, with three depots, and the commutation now is but 10% cents per trip, including both railway and ferriage; only five miles by steam from New York city, but 22 minutes from Thirty-fouriff street, and 45 minutes from the City Hall, via James slip forry. For time table see Daily News. Maps free.

Store, 439 Third avenue, above Thirtieth street. At Corona Park .- A Fine Opportunity

A.—Are your Lungs Torn with a Spasmodic cough! Are you hoarse; have you a sore throatdo you breathe with difficulty? Remember all these are
symptoms of dangerous pulmonary complaints. Lose no
time in resorting to HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND
AND TAR. AND TAR.

Take out your watch: now apply PIKE'S TOOTHACHE
DEOPS to your tormenting tooth. Pain gone, ch! Look
at your watch again. Time one minute! Hurrah!

Batchelor's Hair Dye-The Best in the world; the only perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instan-taneous. At all druggists.

"Campo's Infallible Specifie" Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache and Cramps. by McKESSON & ROBBINS, 23 Fulton street.

David's Fall Style of Gentlemen's Hats, I Was Cured of Rheumatism by Reg-ular physician's prescription, DR. FITLER'S RHEU-MATIC SYRUP. Dr. O'BRIENE, 222 East Thirtieth st.

I Was Cured of Chronic Rheumatism, after using everything, by DR. FITLER'S RHEUMATIO SYRUP. Mrs. CLARKE, 77 Fourth avenue. I Was Cured of Inflammatory Rhem MATIC SYRUP.
MILDABERGER SMITH, 35 West Tenth street.

I Was Cured of Neuralgia, Chronic case, by DR FITLER'S RHEUMATIC SYRUP. JOHN A. STEDWELL, 741 Greenwich street. Lace Curtains .- Patterns, Original and

special, of Brussels Lace, Swiss Lace and French Gulpuro Lace; also a large lot of Swiss and Nottingham Curtains from bankrupt auction sales at less than cost of importa-tion. G. L. KELTY & CO., 724 Broadway.

Look Out for the Brooklyn Sunday Napoleon's Dining Service,
manufactured at Sevres, for use at the Tuileries, being
stored in the portion of the Louvre not destroyed by fire,
was afterward disposed of at auction by order of the
French government.
NICOL, DAVIDSON & CO., 636 Broadway, at great expense, secured a small service of it, consisting of 236
pieces, together with the costly Table Linen, including
Napkins woven with the Imperial Arms, which cost originally \$480, gold, per dozen.
The above Service is now on exhibition and for sale
at their store.

On Marriage.—Happy Reilef for Young men. Remarkable Reports sent free. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia, Pa.

Patent Open Work Political Banners, Flags and Portraits, at HOJER & GRAHAM'S, 97 Duane street Royal Havana Lottery.—Prices 'Reduced. J. B. MARTINEZ & CO., Bankers, No. D. Wall at Box No. 4,635 Post office, New York.

Royal Havana Lottery Prizes Cashed orders filled, information furnished, highest rates paid for spanish Bank Bills. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, 16 Wall st.

Steinway's. Waters' and Chickering's Pianos to let.—Monthly instalments received for same; great bargains for cash, at WATERS', 481 Broadway.

The Days of the Sere and Yellow Leaf are fast approaching, and it is time to cast aside the faded and weather-beaten hat. The name of KNOX, the Hatter, at 212 Broadway, is suggestive. The Morning Witness Is Enlarged and

T. R. Brady, Jr., 39 Park Row, Was

The Birch Dale Medicinal Spring Wa-TERS have cured many cases of Consumption pro-nounced hopeless. They have also an especial affinity for Kidney and Uterine affections. Send for pamphlest COMANT & CRAMER, Sole Agents, 20 Broadway.

Teeth.
COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION, 19 Cooper Institute,
COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION, 19 Cooper Institute,
ander tooth drawing almost a pleasure with laughing

Vienna Exposition.—Parties Destring a representative may address R. H. W., look box 14, New Brunswick, N. J.